

St. Andrews Scots School

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Class – IV Subject – Social Science L-1 Our Country-India

New Words:

- 1. surrounded**
- 2. neighbour**
- 3. Constitution**
- 4. territories**
- 5 .Legislative**
- 6. peninsula**
- 7. district**
- 8. Karakoram**
- 9. religions**
- 10. Portuguese**

Define the following terms:

- 1. plains: flat area**
- 2. plateau: raised ground**
- 3. population: the number of people living in a country**
- 4. coastline: shoreline or the line that borders the coast**

5. peninsula: land surrounded by water on three sides
6. island: piece of land surrounded by water on all sides

Fill in the blanks:

1. India is the seventh largest country in the world.
2. Kanyakumari is the southernmost tip of Indian mainland.
3. Union territories are the areas which are not large enough to become a state.
4. Amravati is the proposed capital city of the Indian state of Andhra Pradesh.
5. India is located in the continent of Asia.
6. Kanchenjunga is the highest point of the nation.

Answer these questions:

Q1. Name the neighbouring countries of India.

Ans1 . a. India is surrounded by China, Nepal and Bhutan in the north and north east .

b. Pakistan and Afghanistan in the west.

c. Bangladesh and Myanmar in the east.

d. In the south we have Sri Lanka and across the oceans our neighbour is Maldives.

Q2. Name the physical and political divisions of India.

Ans. India has different physical divisions. They are:

- a. The Northern Mountains**
- b. The Northern Plains**
- c. The Great Indian Desert**
- d. The Southern Plateau**
- e. Coastal Plains and Island groups**

POLITICALLY India is divided into 28 states and 8 Union Territories.

Q3. Which factors bind the Indians?

Ans. India is our motherland. The people of different states live together. They speak different languages and wear different clothes. But all Indians are bound by love for India.

EXTRA QUESTIONS:

Q1. Which water body will you cross to reach Kavaratti ?

Ans. We will cross Arabian Sea to reach Kavaratti.

Q2. Why India is divided into states?

Ans. India is divided into states for easy governance.

Map work

On outline map of India mark the neighbouring countries of India.